

## Vermont Daily Transcript.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868.

## A New Minister.

The Hon. Reverdy Johnson, the recently appointed Minister to England, who succeeds the Hon. Charles Francis Adams, called on the President on the 14th instant, and accepted the position. For many years a Democrat, Mr. Johnson has paid no divided allegiance to the Union, and has accepted, with certain modifications, the congressional theory of reconstruction, and has acted in opposition to the obstinate course of the President in many respects, while, however, he did not consider his acts impeachable. If Mr. Johnson had not the confidence of both parties alike, he would not have received the flattering compliment of a unanimous vote, confirming his nomination, and without having his nomination referred to a committee, as is usual. We believe him eminently fitted for the position which he has accepted. The London press speaks of his appointment in a manner showing that in the country and capital to which he goes, he will be cordially welcomed. Despatches by the cable, June 16th, say:

The *Daily News* to-day has an editorial article on the subject, stating that the long experience, training, and high character of Mr. Johnson are guarantees that he will represent the United States as a whole and not sectionally.

The *Times* closes a lengthy article with the following words: "No envoy could be sent here who would be hailed with more confidence as the honored spokesman of a great nation. The unanimous ratification of his nomination by the Senate is an unexampled testimonial. His intellect is admirably trained to discuss the pending or probable issues with precision, impartiality, dignity of character, breadth of learning, and charm of manner."

The ministry of Mr. Adams has been a very successful and creditable one, and returning to this country he can "report progress." Mr. Johnson, who has been in active life all through the rebellion, and who is fresh in knowledge, of a minute as well as general kind, of our condition and feelings, is well fitted to carry on the affairs of the mission with the British Government. The change of ministers, without being absolutely necessary is fortunate.

The *Montreal Daily News*, in a well written article, advises, or rather points out to the Democrats that their only hope of success in the campaign this fall is in making Mr. Chase their candidate. The following extracts from its article are reproduced for the benefit of the cogitators of that party:

The Democrats have long been excluded from power, and if they fail on the present occasion, which they assuredly will do, if they persist in declining assistance tinged with Republican antecedents, they must be doomed to four years of inaction. Last year they were willing to adopt Grant, and for a considerable period it seemed as if he meditated casting in his fortunes with them. Had he done so, the chances in his favor were almost reduced to a certainty.

Should the Democrats prefer beating Grant, to consulting the *advice* of their party, they will enlist Chase on their side, because whether the South be admitted to vote or excluded in either case he will bring to their assistance important and powerful allies.

Mr. Pendleton and General McClellan and Hancock have partisans, and the first is popular in the West and South-West; but the Democratic party, though it can count on the Pendleton men, when a nomination is made, cannot exclude Mr. Chase and expect the Conservative Republicans to vote for one known as Peace Democrat. If the Democrats intend to fight out the battle of States' rights, their wisest course is to forget and forgive, and adopt Chief Justice Chase.

**THE LIVING AGE.**—Littell's *Living Age*, published each Saturday by Little & Gay, 30 Bromfield street, Boston, at \$8 per year, comes out this week in new type, and full of good articles and stories. If this was not, and had not been, one of the best publications, it could not have lived to announce its hopes for the second century of its existence, which will commence with the new year. The publishers offer for clubs of five subscribers, and \$40, a set of Horne's Introduction to the Bible, in four large volumes, unabridged. The book is one of the most valuable, as most men of a reading habit know, or ought to.

Littell & Lay issue in neat and cheap form many of the stories that appear first in America in the columns of the *Age*. These among story readers should become popular.

**THE CIGAR STORY.**—The Grant and Colfax cigar story has got into the papers incoherently, and this is really what occurred: The Speaker was at the headquarters the morning before the nomination, reading to the General his Chicago telegrams up to midnight, which the General had wished to see. Both were smoking, and the General asked, "Where do you get these cigars that are named for you? They suit my taste exactly." The Speaker replied that a Republican German, named Henry Bernd, at Danbury, Conn., had named them for him; and he, with other congressmen used them exclusively. The General immediately wrote a letter ordering a thousand, and, as he has not the franking privilege, the Speaker said as the letter was for Colfax cigars he would depart from his usual rule of not franking letters for others, and franked it.—When it reached Danbury, the German had the Republican candidates for President and Vice-President on one letter.

## "Let us Have Peace."

It is a remarkable fact, that the letters in which the Republican candidates formally accept the nominations tendered them, each closes with the one word which so emphatically expresses the longing of the American heart to-day, "Peace!"

The people ask for national concord and peace, and expect to obtain it, in the manner clearly indicated by Vice-President Colfax. They respond to the utterance of General Grant, "Let us have peace," with hearty exclamation.

The war chieftain of the nation opens the new campaign with an invocation to peace! General Grant won for the nation, through arms, what could never have been attained for it in any other manner. President Grant will bring it to peace and universal prosperity, continuity of administration, and the reduction of the public debt; all the inevitable consequences of the policy he lays down,—the enforcement of the Chicago platform, and the execution of the will of the people.

"Let us have peace." Four years of civil war, and four years of political strife. An armed minority, strongly fortified, for four years held the majority of the people at bay, and kept the country in bloody strife. That same minority, entrenched in the nation's strongest hold, has involved us in another four years' struggle, as disastrous to property, if not to life, and as seriously straining to the tenacity of our institutions.

It is fitting that he who led the nation's hosts in its struggle for actual existence, should now be their chosen leader in the contest for its true life. There are but two arbiters of our nation's destiny, the sword and the ballot-box. The hour of freedom sought to crush its friends by a resort to the former, and failed. They then debauched the head of the nation, and through a prolonged struggle have continued the turmoil. They now appeal to the ballot-box. If they succeed there, but intensifies the struggle. If they lose, then freedom and peace achieve a final triumph.

Harmony and wisdom in our national councils will restore the hope and confidence the country needs in order that prosperity and peace may follow. A President in whose sagacity, moderation and prudence we can place implicit trust, acting in harmony with Congress, and Congress with the people, pursuing a policy of economy, and impartial recognition of the rights of all, cannot fail in bringing us a lasting peace.

The prayer of the nation is, "Let us have peace." And they ask it, and will receive it from General Grant.—*Albany Journal*.

**PRUSSIAN GOSSIP.**—The New York *Sun* this records and approves the credibility of a piece of gossip concerning a celebrated literary gentleman.

The newspapers are publishing with undisguised satisfaction a preposterous story concerning our distinguished fellow-citizen, the Hon. George Bancroft, now American Minister at the Court of Berlin. They say that Mr. Bancroft, whose locks are silvered with the snows of nearly seventy winters, is over head and ears in love with a rather homely but very smart daughter of Meyerbeer, the composer, and is daily at her mother's house, paying a sort of literary and sentimental devotion to the young lady.

The other day, as the tale runs, he was taking a walk with her and some other ladies in the Thiergarten, when a lady and two cavaliers, all mounted on splendid horses, passed them at a full gallop. "How magnificent that looks," exclaimed Miss Meyerbeer. "How I long to ride like you!" "Why do you not ride on horseback, Miss Meyerbeer?" asked Bancroft. "Because I have nobody to ride with me, and a lady, you know, cannot take rides without a cavalier." "I shall learn to ride," said Bancroft, "and in four weeks you shall have a cavalier." Bancroft, says the report, kept his word. Despite his sixty-eight years, he took riding lessons, and on the 1st of May he and Cecilia Meyerbeer were seen on horseback in the Thiergarten. How absurd this story is, will at once appear to every person who has frequented the Central Park at any time during the last dozen years. Mr. Bancroft's erect, striking figure, mounted on a stout bay horse, has been familiar in the rides of the Park, in all sorts of weather, ever since it was first opened to the public. In fact, he has been a skillful horseman these forty years, and only a malicious love of gossip would have trumped up such a ridiculous story against him.

**POLITICAL.**—The New York *World* says in its reporting columns: "If the feeling for Chase among the rank and file increases as rapidly in other sections as it does in this vicinity, it will have gained such a headway by the time that the Convention assembles that his nomination will be a 'necessity.' In its leading editorial, on the other hand, it says: 'With the opinions which Mr. Chase continues to hold, he is by far too sagacious and clear-sighted a politician to suppose that the Democratic party can have any serious thought of making him its candidate for President.' We suppose the believing readers of the *World* pay their money and take their choice."

The Lancaster (Pa.) *Intelligencer*—late Buchanan organ—opposes Chase's nomination and says the "chief competitors will be Pendleton, Hancock and Hendricks, with chances in favor of one of the two last named."

It is stated that a Chase mass meeting is to be held in New York.

Governor English of Connecticut says he will not be a candidate either for the Presidency or the Vice Presidency.—*Es.*

The New York *Tribune*, with unusual wisdom and fairness, says: "We wish the democrats would nominate the chief justice, for that would decidedly simplify the work of reconstruction and bring us much nearer the close of the threadbare controversy. With the chief justice as the democratic nominee for president on any platform which he could accept without a forfeiture of self-respect, the 'nigger would become the negro—or rather, he would cease to be a distinct element of the political situation. We might thereafter leave him out of the question, and proceed unembarrassed with the grave though hitherto less urgent problems of finance, debt, taxation, and industrial progress."

The gem cannot be polished without friction, nor man perfected without adversity.

**FORT WELLINGTON, PRESCOTT.**—The people of Prescott, opposite Ogdensburg, probably feel quite safe from any attack of the Fenians, and the feeling is not lessened by the probability that the Fenians do not intend to make an attack this summer. The Prescott *Telegraph* says:

Within the last few days the garrison at Fort Wellington has been considerably strengthened by the accession of more troops belonging to the R. C. Rifles. The force there now consisting of it does, of veteran soldiers, nearly all of whom have seen service in many climes and on many a well fought field, and armed as they are with the best breech loading rifle in the world, would be found amply sufficient to repel fifty times their number of Fenian assailants supposing it possible for the latter to assault the place. Several heavy guns have been mounted on the works within the past few days, which completely command every avenue to approach. The fort may therefore be regarded as impregnable to any attack which an army of mere filibusters, however numerous, could make upon it. Lying off the town, or cruising up and down the river, within easy hail, one or the other of our trim, tight little gunboats is constantly on the watch. Armed to the teeth with the best weapons that modern science can furnish, and manned by noble British tars whose fame for undaunted valor is as imperishable as the sea, these gunboats would make short work of any Fenian flotilla that might chance to appear anywhere within range of an Armstrong gun. Besides, if necessity should arise, a large force of volunteers also armed with the Snider Enfield, could be assembled here in a few hours to support the regulars. With such preparations it is pretty certain that the Fenians, whatever they may do elsewhere, will give Prescott a rather wide berth.

**LATE INTELLIGENCE FROM THE CRETANS.**—L. D. Rodocanachi who accompanied Dr. S. G. Howe to Greece, has returned to this country. He left Crete about six weeks since, and he represents the people still unbroken in spirit and determined, notwithstanding their misfortunes, to make the land free or leave their bones among the mountains. There are still fifty thousand men in arms. Over 75,000 women and children have left Crete for Greece, and some sixty-seven thousand women and children are living in caves and subsisting at times, when supplies sent them from this country and England fail them, on roots and herbs. The soldiers are reduced to the smallest rations, 61 pounds of flour being a month's allowance. Mr. Rodocanachi has, during a long sojourn, been of invaluable service to the Cretans, and his recital of the sufferings of this noble people, and the outrages committed by the Turks are most thrilling. We believe the friend of Crete will insist upon an opportunity to hear from his own lips an account of scenes of which he was an eye witness, for no report can do him justice.—*Boston Journal*.

Revelations recently made concerning whiskey evading in Richmond, Va., show that the corruption of Government officials is an essential element in the process by which the frauds are consummated. It was proved on a trial in that city, before Chief Justice Chase, commenced last week, and not yet concluded, that four distilleries agreed to pay \$30,000 per annum for the privilege of shipping five-sixths of all the whiskey they might distill free of Government tax. This money was paid to the internal revenue officers of the district, and the amount of tax from which it purchased exemption was \$250,000. These developments, coupled with those of the Callicott trial, abundantly explain how it is that whiskey, which, with cost and tax, cannot be made for less than \$2.40, is sold every day in market at \$1.40.

**THE MONROE DOCTRINE.**—Prussia, being anxious to become a first-rate naval power, is reported to have sent an emissary to the Caribbean sea, to negotiate for the purchase of a port to be used as a naval station. He selected Limon, Costa Rica, as the best adapted for the purpose, and a communication was addressed to the Government of Costa Rica, proposing a negotiation for the grant of the port to the Prussian Government. The Costa Rican Government, however, refused to accede to the solicitations so flatteringly presented, and made a pointed allusion to the "Monroe doctrine," the principles of which are declared in the answer to be "acknowledged by all America."

Gen. Logan's proposition that if the Government will permit either of the Western States will take up the Capitol, Treasury Building, Post-Office, Patent Office, and other public edifices at Washington, and set them down, stone for stone, just as they are, and at any point in the West the Government may deem most eligible as a site for the national capitol, without a dollar of national cost, is worthy of that enterprise and "faith that removes mountains" which are the glory of the rising West. If Gen. Logan will, as an amendment, offer to bring Pike's Peak from the Rocky Mountains and locate it among the prairies of Illinois, by way of site and prospect for the new Capitol, it would be hardly modest in the Government to decline his proposition.—*Tribune*.

Have you seen Prangs Chromo? "Old Oaken Bucket," "Falconer and Bride," at H. Livingston & Sons.

**BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.**  
OFFER ALL COMPETITORS.  
HAIR RESTORATIVE  
We decided by the S. H. State Fair and a new one by the public to be the very best Preparation for Restoring Gray or Bald Hair to its original color, promoting its growth, eradicating itching humors, and inducing fair and healthy skin. It is free from poisonous drugs, does not stain the hair, and is the only PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED.  
J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors, MANCHESTER, N. H.  
Sold by all Druggists.

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3,000 WORTH OF GOODS!

In the commodious rooms over

A. S. Hyde's Store,

MAIN STREET, ST. ALBANS,

Every day at private sale, and evening at Auction, until the stock is sold.

The subscriber will sell as above indicated, a large stock of Goods at Auction consisting of new and second-hand

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Such as Pants, Vests, Coats, &amp;c. Also, Breeches, Carpeting, Oil Cloth, and Linen Carpeting. Also, a lot of Fancy Goods of every description, too numerous to mention. A fine lot of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Shaker Bonnets, Albums, Satinets, Lawns, and about everything that people want, and want at their own prices.

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LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Phoenix Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ITS ASSETS ARE NEARLY

\$3,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME,

NEARLY TWO MILLIONS,

AND CONSTANTLY INCREASING.

Annual Dividends, 50 Per Cent.

All its Policies are Non-Forfeiting! No restriction on Travel, Location, or Employment! Dividends upon the full Premiums paid on all its Policies!

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It has paid in losses to its Policy Holders over \$300,000, and has never contested a claim during the 17 years of its existence. No extra Premiums charged for insuring.

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A Policy in the PHOENIX is properly called a Whole World Policy. It permits the insured to travel or reside at will anywhere in the United States or Europe, at any season of the year, without extra charge.

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For Franklin, Grand Isle and Lamoille counties.

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE would give this notice to our former friends and patrons, that on and after the 1st day of June, 1868, we shall sell our goods for

STRICTLY CASH

—AND—

ONE PRICE!!!

Having had sufficient experience in the credit system of doing business, we have concluded to make a change, and try the Cash System—believing that we can sell our goods cheaper by adopting such a rule. Although a novelty in St. Albans, we are determined to try the plan. We have on hand a large stock of

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Furnishing Goods,

Which under this plan we will agree to sell 15 per cent less than any other firm in town that do business on the credit system.

Take notice and govern yourself accordingly.

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NO. 2, DARROW BLOCK,

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DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

First Class Groceries!!

DARROW BLOCK, ST. ALBANS, VT.

Consisting in part of

Flour, Pork, Fish, Sugar, Tea, &amp;c., &amp;c.

Goods at ONE DOLLAR.

Foreign and Domestic Manufacturers' Agency for the sale of

DRY GOODS,

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At an equal price of

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For each article. Our goods are all new and of first class quality, direct from the Manufacturers.

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!!

Quarterly Circular, May 1st just published.

Agents wanted every where, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Greater inducements than ever. Agents can easily make \$25 to \$100 per week. Circulars sent free to any address.

CHAS. LETTS &amp; CO.,

Manufacturers' Agents,

64 and 66 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.

d9-18t

Removed.

D. S. S. CLARK has removed to South Main Street. Office at his residence.

St. Albans, Vt., May 2, 1868

89-47

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SADDLERY, CARRIAGE,

AND

BUILDING HARDWARE.

We have the largest and best assorted stock of goods of every description, in the above line, to be found in the State. As agents for the largest Helling Factories, we keep a supply of

LEATHER BELTING

Of all sizes on hand. We offer a full and complete assortment of

Carriage and Harness Makers' Supplies.

And are constantly receiving consignments of a superior article of Oak and Hemlock Harness Leather, Patent Collar and Knives, Grain and Split skirting and Winkler. Hard and soft Dash, Emulated Oil Top and

GRAIN BOOT LEATHER.

CARPETING AND OIL CLOTH.

Which we offer at a low cash figure.

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10,000 ROLLS

PAPER HANGINGS

Of different patterns.

SHADES, CURTAINS, PICTURES, COED AND TANSSELS.

Also,

FURNITURE

Of all kinds, just received, at

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Perfumeries and Fancy Articles generally such as are kept in a first class City Drug Store.

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HAIR RESTORERS.—Mrs. Allen's, Hall's, King's, Martha Washington, Webster's, Sterling's, Barrett's, Shedd's, Mexican &amp;c., &amp;c.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, SHOULDER BRACES, &amp;c., &amp;c.

Choice Druggists' Groceries!

Such as pure spices, Cream Tartar, Soda, Mustard, Soap, Flavoring Extracts, Farina, Corn Starch, Wheaten Grits, &amp;c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared

And Druggists' and Physicians' orders solicited. This store will not be undersold by any on goods of the same quality, but will sustain, at all events, its reputation for cheapness and reliability, and in all cases we shall be happy to receive our customers, and wait on them with proper care and attention.

Dr. A. M. Plant, late of Milton, will be pleased to receive all his friends and acquaintances.

ST. ALBANS LIQUOR AGENCY.

Pure Liquors constantly on hand for medicinal purposes.

d1-47 S. R. DAY, Agent.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

SEEDS, MECHANICS TOOLS, SHELF HARDWARE AND CARRIAGE MAKERS STOCK.

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St. Albans, May 14, 1868. d3-47

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Are prepared to furnish music for

FIREMEN and MILITARY PARADES, PICNICS, EXCURSIONS, DANCES,

And on other occasions where Band and String Music is required.

Orders addressed to

GEORGE E. KINSLEY,

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At the Tremont House, will receive prompt attention. d1-47

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS OF ALL KINDS, you will find at

WM. N. SMITH &amp; CO'S.

HATS FOR BOYS; CAPS FOR BOYS AT

WM. N. SMITH &amp; CO'S.

Removed.

D. S. S. CLARK has removed to South Main Street. Office at his residence.

St. Albans, Vt., May 2, 1868

89-47

Messrs. Scofield &amp; Vincent.

LAKE STREET, ST. ALBANS,

Constantly keep on hand a fresh supply of the best

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Consisting of

Flour, Grain, Feed,

Butter, Pork, Fish,

Vegetables, Etc.,

Sugars, Molasses,

Teas, Coffees,

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And indeed an assortment consisting of articles too numerous to mention, but all such as are needed for family use, and at the most reasonable prices. Call and examine our stock and prices, and satisfy yourselves.

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St. Albans, May 12, d1-47

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Pork, Fish, Ham, Sugar, Tea, Lard, fresh Butter

And all sorts of articles usually kept in business of their kind. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of country Produce.

GIVE US A CALL.

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Take pleasure in saying to their patrons and friends that they have removed their place of business to

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Three Doors North of the American Hotel,

Where they have on hand a large assortment of

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Also, a general assortment of

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